

THE WEEKLY POST.

VOL. VI.

WILMINGTON, N. C., DAY, JUNE 28, 1872.

NO. 4

STATE ITEMS.

SUPREME COURT still in session at the Capitol.

AN Italian wedding in Raleigh attracted many spectators.

BLOW your trumpets—New Bern has a brass band—as well as Goldsboro.

ALL the Raleigh city press will suspend publication on the Fourth of July.

THEY have got a "bar" in Raleigh and are now trying to find some dogs to fight him.

ONE of the singers at the big jubilee in Boston, a young lady from New Bern—a native.

Rev. John L. Long delivered a lecture in Goldsboro with which the *News* is greatly delighted.

Prodigious—behold—the acrobatic on its name in the New Bern Daily Times—hold him that!

BULL broke into the Custom House, and lightning killed a goose in New Bern all in one day.

COMPANY ships is bragging about an immense tobacco warehouse that they are to have next season.

THE examination of the pupils of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institute at Raleigh is being had there this week.

NEW BERN is still in ecstasies over the readings of the lovely Miss Patterson which she is giving in that city—and well they might be.

THE Charlotte Courier comes to us this week looking decidedly bilious. Buy bleaching powder, brother Britton—you remind us of war times.

UP-COUNTRY editors are telling how they enjoyed themselves at Beaufort—we would like to have been there ourselves, those Beaufort folks are beautiful and strong.

Lots of bloody English carpet baggers from Canada invading our sacred soil and trying to corrupt us with British gold. Your Exoduster County has our sympathy.

AND now comes Goldsboro, asking the railroad men to reduce the fares from that place, and running trains on Saturdays through to Morehead city, so that its dusty and perspiring citizens may have a bath in old ocean.

THE Daily News says there is a rumor afloat in Raleigh, that the Governor is to have the button holes of his coat copper lined, the necessity of which arises from the damage to said garment by the aspirants for the vacant seat on the Supreme Court bench, who besiege him.

TOBACCO factories throughout the State are working to their utmost capacity in view of the change in the law taxing their products, whereby they will realize four cents per pound advance; the difference between the present tax of sixteen cents per pound and the prospective tax of twenty cents.

Anecdote of General Lee.

Not many anecdotes are extant illustrative of the humor and wit of the late General Robert E. Lee, for the sufficient good reason that the general wore a gravity and severity of manner toward all but his most intimate friends inconsistent with the sallies which at odd times, however, he made in the happiest style. At the close of the first session of Washington College after General Lee had become president of that institution (in the chapel of which he is now buried) about sixteen young gentlemen, all from the South, were graduated with full collegiate honors, and delivered public addresses on Commencement-day. The General, with the rest of the faculty, occupied seats on the stand, and the youthful orators, naturally ambitious of shining as much as possible on such an occasion and in the eyes of the Confederate chieftain, sprinkled their speeches with an unusually large quantity of rhetorical gems and flowers; in particular alluding very frequently and pointedly to the General in lofty terms of eulogium, which, above all things in the world, he disliked. As one after another emptied himself of his glittering harangue, the impatience of General Lee obviously increased. Presently, while the band was performing, he leaned toward Colonel William Allen, one of the professors, and inquired, in his peculiar slow, modulated tone, "Colonel Allen, how many more of them are to speak?"

"Only four more, General," replied Colonel Allen.

General Lee hitched his chair a little closer, and, with all solemnity, asked, "Couldn't you arrange it, Colonel, for all four to speak at once?"

The arrangement was not made, and the General had to listen till all four gentlemen separately had had their several full say.—EDITOR'S DRAWER, in Harper's Magazine for July.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20, 1872.

DEAR POST:—Did you ever stand by the river's brink and see a raft of logs go floating along, and, as you watched, notice it become almost stationary in the eddy between two currents, and finally swooping off with a rush, go dashing over the falls to destruction? How fitly does such a sight illustrate the course of the Democratic party. Twenty years ago the current had just commenced moving it down stream; in a year it whirled around in the eddy between two currents, either of which will carry it over the falls, to be broken into fragments on the rocks below.

Is it to be wondered at that genuine Democrats pause to think in the downward course, and look eagerly on all sides for a passage out of the toils that surround them? And seeing no course open, no narrow by-way even by which to flank their opponents, is it strange that the panic of uncertainty and demoralization should seize upon them? But with sure party death awaiting them, it is indeed passing strange that they should dishonor the principles—which have been so long upheld—by a surrender to the *scum* of the opposing party. If surrender is the word, why not make an honorable one to the *upright* Republican party, rather than to that clique of venomous serpents that has been driven from the party? It does seem as if very little consideration should be necessary for a Democrat to decide between Grant and Greeley—between peace, prosperity and conservatism (for he is conservative) with Grant—or Greeley and his vagaries of every description—between the choice of the people and the imposition of a clique of disappointed politicians. There is but little doubt now, but that the Baltimore Convention will endorse Greeley, and it is the decision of that body, we may look to see thousands of Democrats shouting out in Mosby's language "I am a democrat, but if this fight is between Greeley and Grant, I am for Grant."

The present indications are that the Republican victory will be easy, and complete. The disaffected few who have deserted the ranks, have been replaced by the many honest converts from the Democratic party, who begin to see the light.

THE REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE is hard at work diffusing information among the people in every section, and earnest efforts will be made, to have the truth reach our citizens, and counteract the calumnies and slanders of the Democratic press.

SENATOR POOL is laboring vigorously to redeem the State from the hands of her enemies, and cheering news reaches him from every part of our State. There can be little doubt that if an honest election is had in August the State will go Republican by 15,000 majority. No citizen of our State could have labored harder in her interests, than has Senator Pool; and no Senator from the South is looked upon with greater respect and confidence. He is of, and for the people, and they can no better acknowledge his worth than by returning him to the seat in the Senate Chamber of the United States, which he has so ably filled for the past three years.

Ex-Senator Abbott passed through this city yesterday on his way to New York, to attend a session of the National Republican Executive Committee, of which he is a member.

Yours,

TREASURY.

Official correspondence regarding the Treaty of Washington, published this morning, shows among other things how very slight has been the real difference between the two Governments in regard to the treatment of the question of indirect damages. Lord Granville started with the assertion that "it is not within the province of the Tribunal of Arbitration to decide upon the claims for indirect losses;" yet, according to the latest advices, the Tribunal itself has decided that it had the power to pronounce upon the question of its own jurisdiction. Had this been conceded by the British Government at the outset of the controversy, the voluminous correspondence, and all that has accompanied it, need never have had any existence.—N. Y. Times.

Vesuvian lava is in such demand for jewelry that another eruption is desired to supply the market.

List of Distances on the Cape Fear River, as from Shirley of U. S. Army Corps in 1871.

NAMES OF LANDINGS. MILES.

Fayetteville Bridge.....0
Lower Jettie.....0.5
Island.....1
Evans.....1.5
Rockfish.....2
Landing.....2.5
Old Ferry.....3
Creek at Thence.....3.5
Gray's Creek Church Landing.....4
Wreck of Clarendon.....4.5
Gray's Creek.....5
Devane's Ferry.....5.5
Willard Creek.....6
Prospect Hill.....6.5
Connell's Ferry Landing.....7
Connell's Bluff.....7.5
Kane's Gap.....8
Purdie's.....8.5
Harrison's Creek.....9
Gulon's Mill.....9.5
Owen Hill.....10
Wright's Barn.....10.5
Cromartie's.....11
Morehead Shoals.....11.5
Court House Falls.....12
Thomas McDowell's.....12.5
Robinson's Brick Yard.....13
Elizabethtown.....13.5
Brown's.....14
Waddell's Landing.....14.5
Waddell's Ferry.....15
Whitted's Landing.....15.5
Government Mills.....16
Big Sugar Loaf.....16.5
Little Sugar Loaf.....17
Thomas Smith's.....17.5
Cypress.....18
Atkinson's.....18.5
Hammond Creek.....19
McKay's.....19.5
Walker's Bluff.....20
Slingsby's Shoals.....20.5
Wright's Landing.....21
White Hall.....21.5
Deepwater Point.....22
Donahoe Creek.....22.5
Robinson's Landing.....23
J. Bright Brown's.....23.5
Hungry Neck.....24
Hog Wallow.....24.5
Kelly's Cove.....25
Flowers Landing.....25.5
Indian Wells.....26
Daniel's Landing.....26.5
King's Bluff.....27
Nat Moore Creek.....27.5
Black Rock.....28
County Line.....28.5
Wayman's Creek (Lloyd's).....29
Prigden's Landing.....29.5
Blanton Landing.....30
Raccoon Bluff.....30.5
Jos. Green's.....31
The Break.....31.5
Livingston Creek.....32
Sewell's Landing.....32.5
Bryant's Mill Creek.....33
Wanet's Landing.....33.5
Thoroughfare.....34
Rhode Landing.....34.5
Turkey Point.....35
Devil's Elbow.....35.5
Hood's Creek.....36
Piney Bluff.....36.5
Strawberry Hill.....37
Full and Be D.....37.5
Little Blanton.....38
Maggolia.....38.5
Black River.....39
Indian Creek.....39.5
Mount Misery.....40
Riverside.....40.5
R. B. Bridge.....41
Point Peter.....41.5
Total.....112 275

The Last Liberal Failure.

The much vaunted "Conference" among the opponents of the Republican ticket has amounted to nothing. It adjourned this morning at one o'clock, after nearly ten hours of speech making, leaving the acceptance or rejection of Mr. Greeley's candidature precisely where it was when the Conference commenced. No authoritative expression of the views of those present was possible. The free traders pure and simple, like the editors of the *Evening Post*, and Mr. Atkinson of Massachusetts, came out of the Conference as they went into it, firmly resolved not to submit to the humiliation of supporting a man whom they distrust and despise. Of the men of note previously doubtful, Mr. David A. Wells and Mr. Carl Schurz were alone found ready to surrender to Fenion and Tammany, and of these two Mr. Schurz was already practically committed by his remarks at the conclusion of the Cincinnati Convention. His formal adhesion to the Tammany ticket was a spectacle such as American politics has not produced since the days of the dough faces. It is needless to say that he found for it not one reason, except that he so eloquently and bitterly denounced at Cincinnati—"anybody to beat Grant." He will now have to suffer the exquisite mortification of having forsaken every principle of political rectitude for a success that he will never attain.

With this result, the real Republicans, as far as they have any occasion for feeling at all, have no cause to be dissatisfied. It cannot for a moment check the disgust with Greeley, which has steadily spread among the Liberals since his nomination, and it hands him over to the Democrats, to be presented by them for inevitable defeat in November.—N. Y. Times.

An Ohio man, who believed that he had a wonderfully powerful voice, once solemnly asserted that while in a country jail he shouted so loud as to sink the jail forty feet into the ground. Ohio Republicans are reminded of this man's peculiarities by Senator Sumner's recent speech, and the effect he anticipated it to have at Philadelphia.

The Republicans of Louisville, Ky., ratified the nomination of Grant and Wilson on Tuesday evening. Speeches were made by Edgar Needham, Gen. Harlan, Gen. Ward, Col. Prosser, and others.

BIG MEDICINE.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—The undersigned would respectfully offer to an afflicted NATION, the celebrated GREELEY PILLS. This valuable emetic has been prepared from vegetable products, gathered exclusively by the great Doctor himself. The rare fungus from which it is distilled, is grown only on his ancestral experiment at Chappaqua, N. Y., connected and promulgated at the same office, New York city. This valuable remedy has been found entirely efficacious in cases of Sore Throat, Official Stricture, Chronic Flatulence, Executive Resonance, Pedestrian Discomfort, and General Disability. It is sold by the following extracts from letters—unsolicited—commendatory of this remarkable remedy, and recording some of its most wonderful cures:

Have been for seven years afflicted with Malignant Animosities against "Carpet Baggers," "Scalawags" and "Yankees," * * * one dose has completely cured me, I am now perfectly harmless. Would recommend the GREELEY PILLS in all similar cases. Z. B. VANCE.

The GREELEY PILLS has proved of great benefit to us, after the nauseous doses we have been compelled to swallow during the past year. They have relieved us of a grasping, reaching sensation, we hope permanently. WM. M. TWEED & CO.

This is the most active medicine I have ever taken. One box has relieved me of the accumulated bile of two years, a complete set of Plutarch's Lives, the second book of the Iliad, and large fragments of the Odyssey. I am indescribably relieved. CHAS. SUMNER.

They have cured me of a "nameless something," and inspired me with a devout love for my native land, (Prussia). I think that I could die for her. I recommend them to babies in arms. CARL SCHURZ.

We have selected a few of the most remarkable letters from the accumulated mass on our hands. We are constantly receiving others from the disaffected members of the Republican and former rebel Democratic parties, which make use of them from time to time, as the exigencies of the case demand.

Caution.

These pills should not be taken in too large doses, as their too free use may result in intense nausea and political death, and will only be in use during the present summer months. After frost they will prove of little value, as the tendency is to bring on a collapse after the month of November, and materially affect the spirits of those who may swallow them during the hot weather. Sold by the Democratic Press!!

All over the South, at remarkably LOW rates.

WIRE PULVERS & CO., Of the Cincinnati Convention, Proprietors.

Hard on Captain Settle.

Thomas Settle, of North Carolina, President of the Philadelphia Grant Convention, is a native born Carolinian, one of the very few native Southern men in attendance at the Convention. He was an original secessionist, a member of the Convention that took the State out of the Union and voted for and signed the secession ordinance. He was a Captain in the "Lost Cause," was cashiered for cowardice, and kicked out of the army, and then became a Radical scalawag. He has the reputation of having had the delirium tremens often than any other man in the State.—*Circleville Ohio Democrat*.

We should not notice the above, had it not appeared in the columns of the *Charlotte Dispatch*. The editor of that sheet is or was an elder in one of our leading Churches, and as he publishes the above notice knowing it to be false in every particular, and reads this paper a lecture on truth, we simply say:

1. Judge Settle was not an original secessionist but a Union Douglass Democrat.
2. He was not a member of the Convention which took the State out of the Union.
3. He did not vote for or sign the ordinance of secession.
4. He was not cashiered for cowardice or any other cause.
5. He was not kicked out of the army, but resigned to accept the office of Solicitor of the Fourth Judicial Circuit to which office he was elected by the Legislature.
6. He has not, where he is best known the reputation of having had the delirium tremens often than any other man in the State.
7. He has not the reputation of having had the delirium tremens at any time that we ever heard of.

As Judge Settle lives not far distant from the Editor of the *Dispatch*, and has been for twenty years in public life, it is not possible that the Murderer's organ could be ignorant of the fact that it was publishing seven distinct lies in one paragraph. Murder and organized violence must be maintained by downright lying.—*Era*.

TANBARK.

Senator Casserly is sending Anti-Greeley documents without number to his Democratic constituents in California.

No speeches were made at the Maryland Democratic State Convention, and no resolutions were adopted.

Somebody wanted Jubal Early to run for Congress in the Lynchburg (Va.) District, but, with more sense than his impulsive friend, Early refused.

The *Charleston Courier* is so far as to feel justified in assuming the safety of the country in the hands of either of the candidates for the Chief Magistracy now before the people, and "in acting accordingly"—which means, we suppose, remaining on the fence.

The Buffalo Commercial Advertiser says that the Liberal movement in Erie county has been a total failure; that outside of the Democratic party, it would be hard to name a corporal's guard of Greeleyites in Buffalo, and still less are to be found among the Republicans of the county towns.

The Chicago Tribune has discovered a horrible "Democratic conspiracy," it being that the Democratic opponents of Greeley are now "seeking to have as many persons as possible sent to Baltimore, who, while professing to support Greeley, will, after his nomination, leave the Convention, organize a new one, and nominate candidates for President and Vice-President in opposition to Greeley and Brown."

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

From New York.

Brooks, Phillips & Sons, charged with undervaluation invoices of Macaroni.

The Oil cloth Manufacturing strikers resumed work at ten hours.

The locomotive and machine shops at Patterson, N. J., closed in consequence of a strike of some 600 men, throwing nearly 3,000 persons out of employment.

ELMIRA, June 25.

Times county is flooded, the railroads are blocked, and business is paralyzed.

Buffalo, June 25.

The metal workers have formed their league on the plan of the New York and New Jersey leagues.

From Ohio.

CLEVELAND, June 25.

Many of the delegates to Thursday's convention are already here, and almost unanimous for the ratification of the Cincinnati nominations. It is believed that the State ticket will be nominated, but the electoral ticket will be postponed until after the Baltimore convention.

The Liberal Republican State Central Committee are here for consultation. Many prominent Liberals are present. They will urge upon the democratic convention to postpone nominating a State ticket until after the Baltimore convention.

From California.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.

Mrs. Loomis, from the East, while lecturing against woman's suffrage was interrupted by the hisses and jeers of the leading female suffragists who were present. Hon. David Meeker insisted that the offending woman be compelled to leave the hall. Mrs. E. Pitts Stevens, editress of the Pioneer, the suffragist organ drew a pistol on him and demanded an apology, but was forced to put the pistol in her pocket by the bystanders.

From Connecticut.

NEW HAVEN, June 25.

The House of Representatives has repealed a usury law of two hundred years standing, fixing the rate of interest at 6 per cent., by a vote of 131 to 46. It passed the Senate unanimously, last week.

From Maryland.

BALTIMORE, June 25.

Wm. H. Wiegell, witness in the Tilden-Butler case, at New York, has been arrested for perjury. He was held to bail in the sum of \$3,000.

From Canada.

TORONTO, June 25.

Dr. Rufus Bratton, recently kidnapped from Canada, by the Federal officers has been restored to the Canadian Jurisdiction, and is now here.

QUEBEC, June 25.

Lord Dufferin has been inaugurated Governor General.

From Utah.

SALT LAKE, June 25.

Oliver C. Obey, killed Charles L. Doan, in the Post office. Both sporting men.

From Pennsylvania.

WILLIAMSPORT, June 25.

The Linden bridge, recently burned, has been carried away by the flood.

BY CABLE.

LONDON, June 25.

The Lords passed their amended ballot bill to third reading.

The Daily News says: "America agrees to be non-suited in the case so far as indirect damages are concerned."

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 25.

Sultan received Khedive to-day, with Royal honors.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, June 25.
Stocks steady. Gold steady at 112 1/2. Money easy at 4 per cent. Exchange—long 100% short 100 1/2. Government bonds firm and quiet. State bonds unchanged.
Cotton—firm and steady. Sales, 69 bales. Uplands 25 1/2 cents; Orleans 26 1/2 cents. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn dull and unchanged. Pork quiet—mess 13 20 1/2 @ 13 25. Lard steady—steam 9 1/2 @ 9 3/4 cents. Spirits Turpentine dull at 53 1/2 @ 54 cents. Rosin quiet at \$3 1/2 for strained. Freight dull.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, June 25—Noon.

Rentes 54 francs and 22 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, June 25—Noon.

Cotton opened firm. Uplands 11 1/4; Orleans 11 1/2.

LATER.

Cotton firm. Uplands 11 1/4; Orleans 11 1/2. Sales of 11,000 bales to speculators and exporters 3,000 bales.

Breadstuffs quiet.

Cumberland cut 2s.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

THURSDAY, June 20—1.30 P. M.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at former rates, with sales of 342 bbls at \$3 75 for virgin, and \$3 50 for yellow dip, per 280 lbs.

SPRITS TURPENTINE—There is no change in price, and we quote sales of 420 casks at 48 cents per gallon for Southern packages.

ROSIN—After closing yesterday's report, sales were made of 2,300 bbls at \$3 25 for strained. To-day the market is steady, and the sales are 893 bbls at \$3 25 for strained, \$3 a \$3 50 for No. 1, \$4 25 for Pale, and \$5 for extra Pale.

TAR—Only about 74 bbls received and sold at \$3 05 per bbl.

COTTON—Sales of 43 bales at 22 1/2 a 24 cts. per lb.

FRIDAY, June 21—1.30 P. M.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Demand moderate, and the price of soft is 25 cents higher. The sales are 789 bbls at \$4 for virgin, \$3 75 for yellow dip, and \$2 50 for hard, per 280 lbs.

SPRITS TURPENTINE—Is without change in price and market steady. Sales of 517 casks at 48 cents per gallon for Southern packages.

ROSIN—Sales of 1,033 bbls at \$3 25 for strained, \$3 30 for No. 2, \$3 40 for No. 1, \$3 75 for opaque, \$4 25 for No. 1, \$4 50 a \$4 75 for Pale, \$5 a \$5 50 for extra Pale, and \$6 for window glass.

TAR—The sales are 113 bbls at \$3 05 per bbl.

COTTON—Only 13 bales sold at 23 cents per lb. for good ordinary.

SATURDAY, June 22—1.30 P. M.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Receipts and sales to day are 443 bbls at \$4 for virgin, \$3 75 for yellow dip, and \$2 50 for hard, per 280 lbs.

SPRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady.—Sales of 720 casks at 48 cents per gallon for Southern packages.

ROSIN—The sales to-day are 1,403 bbls at \$3 15 a \$3 25 for strained, \$3 35 for No. 2, \$3 75 a \$3 90 for No. 1, \$3 75 for extra No. 1, \$4 25 for Pale, and \$5 a \$5 10 for extra Pale.

TAR—No change in price, and the sales are only 64 bbls at \$3 05 per bbl.

COTTON—No sales reported.

MONDAY, June 24—1.30 P. M.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady and prices unchanged. Sales of 384 bbls at \$4 for virgin, \$3 75 for yellow dip, and \$2 50 for hard, per 280 lbs.

SPRITS TURPENTINE—Market quiet but steady. Sales of 184 casks at 48 cents per gallon for Southern packages.

ROSIN—Sales of 1,037 bbls at \$3 25 for strained, \$3 25 a \$3 50 a \$3 75 for No. 1, \$4 for Pale, and \$4 50 for extra Pale.

TAR—Receipts to-day are about 109 bbls, but no price fixed;—supposed to be at \$3 05 per bbl.

COTTON—Small sales at 24 cents per lb.

TUESDAY, June 25—1.30 P. M.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Is in moderate enquiry, and market steady. Sales of 576 bbls at \$4 for virgin, \$3 75 for yellow dip, and \$2 50 for hard, per 280 lbs.

SPRITS TURPENTINE—Has declined one cent, and 470 casks changed hands at 47 cents per gallon for Southern packages.

ROSIN—Nothing new to note in this article. The sales to-day are 1,430 bbls at \$3 25 for strained, \$3 30 for No. 2, \$3 75 for opaque, \$3 25 a \$3 50 for No. 1, \$3 75 a \$4 for Pale, and \$4 25 for extra Pale.

TAR—The sales are about 63 bbls at \$3 05 per bbl.

COTTON—Small sales at 23 1/2 cents per lb.

WEDNESDAY, June 26—1.30 P. M.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Nothing new to report in prices. Only about 150 bbls received, which went at \$4 for virgin, \$3 75 for yellow dip, and \$2 50 for hard, per 280 lbs.

SPRITS TURPENTINE—Has further declined one cent, and market quiet. Sales of 508 casks at 46 cents per gallon for Southern packages.

ROSIN—Sales to-day of 914 bbls at \$3 25 for strained, \$3 30 a \$3 35 for No. 2, \$3 60 for low No. 1, \$3 a \$3 25 for No. 1, \$4 a \$4 50 for Pale, \$5 for extra Pale, and \$6 for window glass.

TAR—Is in fair enquiry. Receipts and sales are only 48 bbls at \$3 05.

COTTON—Small sales at 23 1/2 a 24 cents.

THE WEEKLY POST.

CANADAY, Business Manager
C. MANN, Managing Editor

Friday, June 28th, 1872.



REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ULYSSES S. GRANT,
Of Illinois.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
HENRY WILSON,
Of Massachusetts.

ELECTOR AT LARGE:
MARDUS ERWIN, of Buncombe.

FOR CONGRESS,
1st District—CLINTON L. COBB, of
Fasquotank.
For Elector—DR. E. RANSOM, of Ty-
rell.

2nd District—C. R. THOMAS, of
Craven.
For Elector—Wm. F. LOTTIN, of Lenoir.

3rd District—NEILL McKAY, Jr., of
Harnett.
For Elector—Wm. A. GUTHRIE, of Cum-
berland.

4th District—WM. A. SMITH, of
Johnston.
For Elector—THOS. A. ARGO, of Orange.

5th District—THOMAS SETTLE, of
Rockingham.
For Elector—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, of
Rockingham.

6th District—O. H. DOCKERY, of
Richmond.
For Elector—WILLIAM S. BYNUM, of
Lincoln.

7th District—DAVID M. FURCHES,
of Iredell.
For Elector—DR. JAMES G. RAMSEY, of
Rowan.

8th District—W. G. CANDLER, of
Buncombe.
For Elector—JAMES S. JUSTICE, of Rut-
herford.

FOR GOVERNOR,
TOD R. CALDWELL, of Burke.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
CURTIS H. BROGDEN, of Wayne.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
W. H. HOWERTON, of Rowan.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
DAVID A. JENKINS, of Gaston.

FOR SUP'T PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
JAMES C. REID, of Franklin.

FOR AUDITOR,
JOHN REILLY, of Cumberland.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
T. L. HARGROVE, of Granville.

FOR SUP'T PUBLIC WORKS,
SILAS BURNS, of Chatham.

"Kitchen and Parlor."

Again and again the same report of Col. McKay's speech at Clinton is published and distorted by the democratic press. Columns of covert hints, never dreamed of by Col. McKay or his friends are flung and reiterated, notwithstanding the Colonel's public denial of the charge. Sweet, pleasant Sampson county. The home of disorder, as far as this district is concerned, publishes the statement. What are the facts? A convention of Republicans met at Clinton, to nominate a candidate for Congress, and for other business. They request permission to meet in the Court House, where public meetings are generally held, but are refused. After some time, the delegates engaged a private room for which they paid an enormous price, and commenced business. And then democrats slid in to hear what should be said. Among them was a former editor and experienced politician, looking and listening with the most careful attention to find some small expression or something out of which to make capital against our friends. Col. McKay was nominated and made a speech, and the expression "Parlor and Kitchen" was seized upon with avidity and rolled as a sweet morsel under the tongue. A letter to the *Edge* was fixed up, and extensively copied, and so WADSWELL has an opportunity to labor to inflame the passions and prejudices of his hearers and strive to procure his election upon that basis. Col. McKay "called upon the Republican party to rally and carry the district, that our opponents would then quit saying that negroes and scoundrels lived in the kitchen, whilst the wealth and intelligence lived in the parlor; that if we beat them, such slang and

abuse would cease, and Republicans would be more respected."

Is there anything wrong in that? We regret we were not present to make a short hand report for the Post, but our space is so limited we cannot publish full reports of the many good speeches being made in this campaign, and therefore our enemies take advantage of there being no record and distort the facts.

It is somewhat remarkable that as soon as a man becomes a Republican he is charged by Democratic papers with utterances entirely at variance with his entire life. No matter how much he may have been lauded before, all is changed and the gentleman becomes a scoundrel! Now this is all wrong and utterly unjust. We are aware that the present political contest leaves the Democratic party no principles or platform to work on, and they are therefore compelled to resort to personal abuse and sarcastic allusions, but we must enter our protest to this method of conducting a campaign. The wickedness of inflaming the passions of men, will certainly recoil upon the heads of the originators.

The One Term Principle.

The Liberal Republican party is composed of two classes, those who desire office, and those who desire patronage. The leaders of the party belong to the latter class; the rank and file to the former. Both classes endorse the one term principle, but those already holding office, stick like leeches to their positions, from one term to another, while those who expect office under the new dispensation, expect a life tenure when once in power. It the one term principle is good for the office of President, is it not equally good for the office of Senator? If a President is tempted by the prospect of a re-election to sell the power intrusted to him, during his first term, is the temptation less for a Senator or Representative to do the same thing? If Trumbull believes in the one term principle, why does he accept a second? If Sumner is honest in his views of the one term doctrine, why does he serve from term to term, and thus prove by his practice, that the dose he would prescribe for others, he is not willing to swallow himself? Before we accept the teachings of these liberals we must see some evidence on their part that they really practice what they preach. If a man's service should be limited to one term while President, the same limitation should apply to every office. If the principle is good applied to one office, it is good applied to all. But the principle is defective. No law should prevent the people, if they so desire, from electing an officer to serve them for as many terms as they may wish. If the people discover peculiar fitness in an officer, they ought to have the right to retain his services. The whole thing is in the hands of the people. If they have a bad man in office the shortest term is too long. If they have a good man, the longest term is too short. Confine a President to one term, and you prevent a good man from continuing a service that the majority know to be of value to the nation. There is not an instance in our past history, where a weak, incapable or corrupt President has been re-elected. On the contrary the very best men have been thus honored, and the second term was characterized by improved wisdom, the result of larger experience, and a natural desire to be worthy of the renewed confidence of the people. The Administrations of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe and Jackson furnish abundant proof of the value of continuing in office tried and competent men. The first term of President Grant has thus far shown him to be able, honest and economical. The people have had faith in him, because they have felt that he has done his best to promote the general welfare; and because they have confidence in his patriotism, they desire his reelection. The people are the best judges who shall serve one term. Their verdict will be, two terms under Grant will be better for the nation than one term under Greeley.

Democratic Arguments.

Grant bathes in red flannel! Consequently he is not fit for President. Grant smokes cigars! Consequently he is not fit for President. Grant does not make long speeches! Consequently he is not fit for President. Grant goes to Long Branch! Consequently he is not fit for President. Grant protected Gen. Lee after his parole! Consequently he is not fit for President. Greeley wears an old coat! So he ought to be President. Greeley wears a white hat! So he ought to be President. Greeley chops trees! So he ought to be President. Greeley bailed Jeff Davis! So he ought to be President.

The Force Bill, in its shape, was but another effort to subvert the same purpose. And even if the Inspectors of Elections are appointed by the Federal Government, they are expressly forbidden to arrest or interfere in any way on the day of election, or to do more in effect than to see the votes deposited and counted. We may expect that attempts will constantly be made to frighten the people with the Force Bill and the Federal Inspectors.

So says one of the organs of the wealth and intelligence. An outsider would say "what a comfortable, pusillanimous people they must be to be thus frightened." But such judgment would be unfair, for critics bear in mind that the Democratic leaders of these people have for years held them in such abject subjection, that the mere hint that any one had dared to vote against the party, caused the suspected person to publish the next day an indignant denial.

Let any store-keeper vote contrary to this party "containing all the wealth and intelligence," and he would lose his trade, as the influence of the wealth and intelligence, he would be turned against him. In the political, mercantile ostracism are all brought to bear on whoever presumes to exercise his right to vote as his inclination leads him. The liberty to vote uncontrolled has been denied the people by these Democratic rulers, and any one daring to exercise this privilege was soon made to feel the effects of the resentment of "the wealth and intelligence."

Long, windy, pointless editorials were written about "a freeman's right; the despotism of the government," etc., but when it came to voting all their white slaves had to vote as they were ordered. And for years they have done it. For years, while in their hearts opposing this Democratic clique, they have followed its orders like sheep! What wonder then they should feel the terror ascribed, by the mere presence of an inspector? Such terror is the natural consequence of the tyranny of the Democratic party.

We may be mistaken, but in our judgment Greeley stock is on the decline.

It's too much to ask of Democrats having much self respect for them to endorse Greeley. Many if not most of them are actuated by principle in their political course, and although we differ radically from them in our political views, yet we concede that they hold and have held their views from sincere conviction of their truth and necessity.

To ask men actuated by sincere though in our judgment, mistaken motives, to give them up, and bow the knee to such an ultra as Greeley, is to ask them to confess that they have been acting a part for the last four years. Men of character and principle cannot do it, and though some dust and smoke was raised for Greeley at first, still now that sober second thoughts are having time to operate, the shamefulness of such a candidate as Greeley for the Democratic party is too much for honest men to concede.

Hence we think that Greeley's chances are ended. It would have been easier for the Republican party to beat him than a regular Democratic candidate. Still there is credit in defeating a regular and open enemy, rather than a motley crew of guerrillas such as the Greeley crowd would have been.

Neill McKay who, at one time, filled or sought to fill the honorable position of a Confederate soldier, has so far fallen from his former high estate as to be a Radical candidate for Congress.

If NEILL McKay had only remained a good democrat, the *Journal*, from which paper the above is taken, would have completely overwhelmed him with laudations. But he has a mind, of his own, and with the same gallant ardor with which he served the Confederacy, he is now laboring for Republicanism. Because he don't choose to bow to the command of the great party of "all the wealth and intelligence" he must bear their scoffs. Let him! Such abuse falls harmless from the noble armor of honor and truth with which he is enveloped. Neill McKay, like Judge Settle, Gov. Orr, Gen. Longstreet and other prominent men, accept the situation with a pure and undivided heart. Hence the party trying to hide its moral leprosy under Dr. GREELEY's old white hat, unable to appreciate the noble motives actuating these gentlemen, vilify and abuse them!

Important.

The Washington *Republican* says that "The stamp duty on all instruments, except checks, has been repealed from October 1st. next." We have never seen the law, and cannot vouch for the correctness of the statement, but it is a consummation devoutly to be hoped for.

St. Louis will ratify the nomination of Grant and Wilson on Saturday evening next.

A Colony of good well-to-do Northern citizens have settled in Leesburg. The colony, we understand, is under the auspices of the National Bureau of Immigration, of which Horace Greeley is President, and Mr. Powell is Director for the State of North Carolina.

The above is going the rounds of the Democratic Greeley papers of the State, and to make it all plain we desire to say that the colony was formed by a Northern man who has invested a great deal of money in this country and is doing as much or more to build it up than any man we know of. He has been denounced as a "carpet bagger," and by several other epithets, and has met with opposition from certain Democratic meddlers, which we will refer to again, but has persevered. All honor we say to Col. Brink our genial Post Master.

In regard to the ownership of the "Bureau of Immigration," part of the business, Mr. POWELL was employed by Col. BRINK as his agent before he had any connection with the Bureau, and is paid a very liberal compensation for his services.

But we tell Mr. McKay and his Radical supporters that the negroes will have to vote down, something else in the State of North Carolina in order to bring about the time, when there shall be "no parlor and no kitchen." They will have to vote down and beat down that feeling in the breast of every white man in the State that would force him, in spite of law and bayonets and bullets, to kill his sister or his daughter ere he gave her to the embraces of the negro. They will have to vote down and beat down that feeling in the bosom of every white woman that would make her nail death as a joyous deliverance from so loathsome and disgusting a fate.

The above is from one of the organs of the "wealth and intelligence," and is a pretty fair sample of the fertile imagination of those persons who hesitate at nothing if they can only stir up feelings and passions that will help their party.

It is about on a par with that Anglo French warrior's proclamation of "Booty and Beauty," to the army of Virginia.

Save Him from His Friends.

If there be any truth in the old saying, that a man is to be known by his friends—in a word, "birds of a feather will flock together," the present President of the United States occupies a position it would be decidedly complimentary to call "questionable." If he be an honest man, personally, he has more cause than ever a President before has, to cry out, "save me from my friends."

People that live in glass houses, &c. John Morrissey the professional pugilist, the professional gambler and Democratic Congressman, Ben Wood, lottery dealer and Congressman, Bill Tweed, (shall we call him statesman?) the robbers friend, Judges Cardozo and Barnard, these are among the chiefs of the Democratic party, and as that sage H. G. pithily expresses it, "all Democrats are not horse thieves, but all horse thieves are Democrats."

Forty-seven thousand and eighty-two Canadians immigrated into the United States in 1871. Just think of forty-seven thousand and eighty-two men rushing blindly into a country going to ruin and despotism!

But possibly the country is not going to ruin, and possibly despotism is not to be our lot. Possibly these Democratic papers are so blinded by party passion that they misrepresent facts; possibly they seek to teach the people falsely. At all events, we do not find any return stream of emigrants to Canada fleeing from this country to their old homes. But we do find all those Southerners who went to Brazil and other lands glad enough to come back to this land which Democrats call a land of ruin and despotism.

The surest means of promoting the prosperity of our State is in sustaining and building up her institutions. So long as we continue to patronize Northern institutions to the neglect of our own—so long as every dollar of surplus money is sent out of the country—so long may we expect our own State to languish, and our own people to lag behind in the march of prosperity and improvement.—*Lumberton Robesonian*.

Now is not this too bad. If other Democratic papers talk in this way, it will not be possible to make the people believe that whatever drawbacks the country labors under, is wholly owing to the oppression and tyranny of that "butcher, Grant."

Says the Columbus (Ga.) *Sun*: "In seven years we have rebuilt cotton factories. The prospect is another large mill will be erected this year. We also have rebuilt several of the finest iron foundries in the South, besides other large industries."

Here is another instance of the ruin and misery under which the South is suffering owing to the "tyranny and despotism" under which our Democratic papers claim the country is suffering. Either such tyranny and despotism must be beneficial or else these papers mistake facts—to use a mild term.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE

JACOBI AXE,

Guaranteed to excel all others, both in shape and material. Be sure to ask for

THE JACOBI AXE.

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For you will then be certain you are getting the best for your money.

EVERY AXE WARRANTED.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at NATHAN JACOBI'S Hardware Depot, No. 9 Market street, And Dealers throughout the State.

IX HARDWARE. IX

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, CUTLERY, Iron, steel, Nails, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, &c. We would respectfully call the attention of

WHOLESALE BUYERS

to our full and complete assortment, embracing all and every description of Goods in the Trade, and to the superior advantages we can offer from having the agency to several leading factories in the trade. Always on hand Sole and harness Leather, Kip and Calf Skins, Paints, Oils, Glass, Sash, Doors and Blinds, &c. &c. Please call and examine, before purchasing, the stock at NATHAN JACOBI'S Hardware Depot, No. 9 Market St. 147-149

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A GOOD COOK WANTED. Apply at the Office of the Post. 28-14

EDWARDS & HALL,

Wholesale Grocers, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, WILMINGTON, N. C. June 8 29-3m



The Best Hair Dressing and Restorer. Millions say "BURNETT'S COCAINE." Your Druggist has it.

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS \$40, \$50, \$75 and \$100. GOOD DURABLE AND CHEAP! Shipped Ready for Use! MANUFACTURED BY J. W. CHAPMAN & CO., Madison, Ind. SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

BELT'S PATENT SHEET IRON ROOFING.

Cheapest and Best Iron Roofing made. For circulars, references, or other information, address W. S. BELT, Cincinnati, O.

BUILDING FELT (NO TAR USED). For outside work and inside, instead of plaster. For Circulars, etc., send 2 stamps for circular and samples. C. J. FAY, Camden, N. J.



WHEN THE BLOOD RUSHES with rocket-like violence to the head, causing hot flushes, vertigo and dimness of sight, it is a certain sign that a mild, salutary, cooling and equalizing laxative is required, and Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient should be at once resorted to. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CURE THAT COLD.

Do not suffer your Lungs to become diseased by allowing a COLD to become seated. Thousands have died from acute Bronchitis. The Victims of Consumption—by neglecting a Cold.

DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS

Will cure Coughs, Colds and Consumption sooner and quicker than any other remedy. It acts like magic. For sale by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere.

\$1.000 REWARD For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that De Bings' Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price, \$1.00.

Agents Wanted.

Parties investing from \$15 to \$25 can make from \$150 to \$200 a month and expenses. Address with stamp, UNION SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE CO, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STRIXON & CO, Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Maine.

U. S. PIANO CO., N. Y. Price, \$290 No Agents. Circulars free.

RARE CHANCE FOR AGENTS! Agents, we will pay you \$40 per week, in cash, if you will engage with us at once. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address F. A. ELLIS & CO, Charlotte, Mich.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK of useful knowledge to all. Sent free for two stamps. Address Dr. BONAPARTE & CO, Cincinnati, Ohio.

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SPECIAL FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES.

1st. No restriction on Residence or Travel.
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4th. The rates of interest on the Funds of the Company higher than those on the Funds of the Companies located in other States. Thus insuring larger Dividends to Policy Holders.
5th. The Directors and Officers of the Company are prominent NORTH CAROLINIANS, who are KNOWN to men of INTEGRITY and WORTH.
6th. The Company is established on a solid and permanent basis, steps having been taken to increase the Capital Stock to \$500,000.
7th. All the Funds of the Company are invested in this State and circulated among our own People. This fact should commend the Company, above all others, to North Carolinians. It is well known that hundreds of thousands of dollars in life insurances are annually sent North to enrich Northern Capitalists, thus continually draining our people of immense amounts which should be kept at home. On this ground the friends of this Company confidently appeal to every son of the Old North State, and ask their support for this Home Institution, which, while it offers substantially all the advantages of Northern Companies, helps to build up Home Interests.

JAMES D. BROOKS, General Supervising Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
THOS. GRAEME, Agent at Wilmington. April 7 190-6m

TO THE PUBLIC.

AN APPEAL TO THE HUMANE.

An opportunity offered to benefit the afflicted with gain to the benefactor.

The North Carolina Beneficial Association

have generously offered to the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Wilmington, N. C., to draw on the 18th of June, next, a distribution of prizes, the proceeds of which are to be appropriated to the benefit of a

Charity Hospital

under the auspices of said College. The inducements to take tickets surpass any scheme yet presented to the public. The charitable purpose is beyond doubt, and the scheme presents one prize in eight blanks, which is far more liberal than usual, while the character of the respectable medical gentlemen connected with the College is pledged for the honest and fair payment of every prize in the following scheme:

SCHEME.			
1	price of \$1,000 00 in money.	\$1,000 00	
1	" " 500 00 "	500 00	
2	" " 250 00 "	500 00	
5	" " 100 00 "	500 00	
5	" " 50 00 "	250 00	
47	" " 20 00 "	940 00	
107	" " 10 00 "	1,070 00	
192	" " 5 00 "	960 00	
390	" " 2 00 "	780 00	

750 Prizes \$6,500 00
Six thousand tickets only will be sold at \$2.00 each.

MANNER OF DRAWING.

Slips of paper numbered to correspond with the number on the six thousand tickets will be placed in tubes in a wheel, and seven hundred and fifty slips of paper describing the several prizes, will be placed in another wheel. Two boys blindfolded, will draw simultaneously one ticket from each of the wheels, and the owner of the ticket numbered to correspond with the number on the slip of paper first drawn, will be entitled to the prize named on the slip of paper drawn at the same time by the other boy. This will be continued until the whole of the seven hundred and fifty prizes are drawn. The drawing will be conducted in public under the supervision of a Committee of the College.

Tickets may be had of Brock & Webb and of their authorized agents. A liberal discount will be made to agents.
May 5 190-419

THE WEEKLY POST.

Friday, June 28th, 1872.

Neill McKay, Jr., Esq., Republican candidate for Congress, will address the people of the Third Congressional District at the following times and places:

Lillington, Harnett county, Monday, June 24th.
Averasboro, Harnett county, Tuesday, June 25th.
Beaufort Carteret county, Saturday, June 29th.
Jacksonville, Onslow county, Tuesday, July 2d.
Kenansville, Duplin county, Tuesday, July 4th.

At which places he will be happy to meet Col. Waddell, and will give him an equal division of time.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Departmental—The Campaign—Antiversionaries and School Commencements.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18, 1871.

In the absence of the two popular branches of the Government, attention is naturally drawn towards the executive head the cabinet and the departments under its immediate control. After the adjournment of Congress the Capital wears a somewhat gloomy aspect, save a "Dolly Varden campaign cockade" which appears now and then on the avenue.

The people and the press of the country are anxiously looking to the Cabinet meeting to-day for some action in regard to the Geneva matter. The Secretary of State is resting at his home on the banks of the Hudson, but is expected here soon. The President arrived from Long Branch on the morning train and could be seen taking his usual 8 o'clock stroll down the avenue. Creswell arrived yesterday, and Boutwell will be represented at the meeting by Judge Richardson.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Forney, a faithful partisan of clever literature, but uncertain politics, makes a discordant sound which has been kept up for several days through his paper against the Pennsylvania State ticket, and to the detriment of the general interest. The Democratic press about the Capitol is quite jubilant over the matter, and the *Patriot*, one of the best edited papers in the city, but like the *Wilmington Journal*, seldom has an idea above a personality, is out this morning with a double leaded editorial clamoring for a majority in the popular branch of the National Government, and yet it is consistent, for it ignores Horace and the whole school of "Liberal Republicans" declaring eternal fidelity to the "old line Democracy, and sighs pitifully over the final prospects of the cause which it advocates. It is not surprising, that the London correspondents for the Democratic papers of this country are astonished to find that the Democratic party are trying to swallow Greeley, the very apostle of "nigger equality, mixed schools, woman's rights and free love."

The Republican party is enthusiastic for victory this fall, and (present) succeeding is the best sign of success, regardless of the action of the Baltimore meeting, and if Greeley is not endorsed by the Democratic Convention he must go in. He will not have a corporal's guard. Judge Davis will be more acceptable to the Democracy and there can be no honorable furlow of sore headed Republicans and honest Democrats.

SCHOOLS.

The College Department of Howard University held its annual exercises at the white congregational church in this city a few days ago when John Taylor, son of our friend Mr. Henry Taylor, of Wilmington took the \$15 prize as the best Latin scholar in his class. Mr. Outley, of Raleigh, N. C., also took a prize for Greek lessons. Both were awarded by the Secretary of State, from South Carolina. It was my pleasure to attend the school exercises about the District last week and by special invitation congratulate the students on their general success. Daniel Sadgwar, son of Mr. David Sadgwar of our city, was promoted as a Clerk to the National Executive Committees Sessions at the Capitol. The appointment is a worthy one for Mr. Sadgwar is both gentlemanly and efficient.

J. P.

There having been business to transact at Washington yesterday, the President was there to transact it, after having committed the great crime of spending five days at Long Branch. Horace Greeley, his rival, spent those five days in masquerading at Chappaqua as a woodchopper, and in correcting proofs of editorial articles for the *Tribune* at the Union League Club. Still it is a wicked shame that the President should ever leave Washington, even for two hours at a time, because the country might go all to the dogs during his absence. Greeley would only be too happy to stay in the White House forever, if he could only get a chance. Catch him running away from that paradise of his dreams, even for a single day!—*New York Times*.

TANBARK.

Grant and Wilson clubs are being organized in every ward in San Francisco.

On the eve of Decoration Day, the cannon at the National Cemetery in Fayetteville, Ark., was spiked.

Major A. R. Calhoun has abandoned the Philadelphia Post, and is strongly in favor of the election of Grant and Wilson.

There are over thirty wind-mills in use in St. Joseph county, Ind. What a locality that would be for Greeley to reside in!

Daniel Pratt, the great American traveller, promises to make Greeley the Commissioner of Agriculture when he (Pratt) is elected President.

The Philadelphia Press believes that Judge Mercer and Gen. Lemuel Todd, the latter being candidate for Congressman-at-large, will surely be elected at the October election in Pennsylvania.

Col. Blanton Duncan, whom the Louisville Courier-Journal calls the leader of the Bourbons of that city, declares he will not vote for Greeley, even if he is nominated by the Baltimore Convention.

The South Carolina Democracy, at their late convention, not only endorsed Greeley, but abandoned their party organization by refusing to appoint any State Executive Committee, preferring to await further developments.

The Portland Oregonian says that the Republican victory in Oregon "is an utterance for Grant and for the Republican party of the United States. It makes the vote of Oregon secure in the Presidential election."

In reply to a letter from a Philadelphia lodge of Good Templars, Senator Wilson writes "I shall be very glad to assist you when I can, but my time is at present so occupied that I can do nothing but send my words of cheer."

The Hartford (Ct.) *Connecticut* referring to the efforts making in certain quarters to belittle the military achievements of General Grant says: "We shall consider ourselves fortunate if we get through the campaign without affidavits that Grant was never actually in command of our troops at all."

Summer Drinks.

Ice water should be drank but sparingly. A most excellent substitute for it is pounded ice taken in small lumps into the mouth and allowed to dissolve upon the tongue. This will prove very refreshing and much more enduring in its effects.

Lemonade is a simple and grateful beverage. To make it: Roll the lemons on something hard till they become soft; grate off the rinds, cut the lemons in slices and squeeze them in a pitcher (a new clothes-pin will answer for a squeezer in lieu of something better); pour on the required quantity of water, and sweeten according to taste. The grated rinds, for the sake of their aroma, should be added too. After mixing thoroughly, set the pitcher aside for half an hour; then strain the liquor through a jelly strainer, and put in the ice.

Travelers who find it inconvenient to use lemons can carry a box of lemon sugar prepared from citric acid and sugar, a little of which in a glass of ice water will furnish quite a refreshing drink, and one that will help oftentimes to avert sick headache and biliousness. Citric acid is obtained from the juice of lemons and limes.

Perry is a delicious beverage made from cherries, and will keep a year or more. Take six pounds of cherries and bruise them; pour on a pint and a half of hot water, and boil for fifteen minutes; strain through a flannel bag, and add three pounds of sugar. Boil for half an hour more, or until the liquid will sink to the bottom of a cup of water (try it with a teaspoonful of the liquid); then turn into jelly cups and cover with paper dipped in the white of an egg.

To prepare the drink: Put a spoonful of the jelly into a goblet of water, and let it stand about ten minutes; then stir it up and fill with pounded ice. Currants and raspberries made into "sbrub" furnish a pleasant and cooling drink when mixed with ice water. Pounded ice is also an agreeable addition to a saucer of strawberries, raspberries, or currants. Pound it until it is almost as fine as snow, and spread it over the berries. With fruit it is also an excellent substitute for cream.

Water ices are always acceptable. Those made of lemon, orange, currants, strawberries, raspberries, and pine apple, are much improved by adding the stiff beaten whites of four eggs to every two quarts of the liquid. Put it in just as it is turned into the freezer, and it will freeze in a foam.—*Scribner for July*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A NEW LOT!

Elegant and Standard Piano-Fortes, just received per steamer, at the Live Bookstore.

Kanbe & Steiff and Grovenstein & Fuller, plain and carved, extra finish, at Manufacturers prices.

Purchasers guaranteed satisfaction as to superiority of instruments.

The most eminent and competent composers of music, in this country and Europe, have pronounced these instruments, first-class Pianos.

The only place to purchase first-class and standard Pianos and Organs, is at

HEINERBERG'S

Live Book and Music store.

July 1

RAIL ROADS.

Wilmington, Charlotte & R. R. Company.
OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER & GEN'L SUP'T.
WILMINGTON, N. C., April 10, 1872.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, the trains

on this Road will run as follows:
PASSENGER TRAIN.
Leave Wilmington daily at 7:00 A. M.
Arrive at Abbottsburg 10:00
" " " " 11:27
" " " " 1:13 P. M.
" " " " 3:05
" " " " 4:15
Leave Lilesville at 6:15 A. M.
Arrive at Rockingham 7:07
" " " " 8:45
" " " " 11:07
" " " " 12:20 P. M.
" " " " 3:30
On and after May 1st a daily Freight train will leave Wilmington at 7:15 A. M., and arrive at 3:30 P. M., besides one of two timber trains as required for the current business.
No Train will leave on Sundays.
S. L. FREMONT,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
Through tickets to Charlotte only \$10, staying only 25 miles, roads good in summer.
April 25

OFFICE PETERSBURG R. R. CO.
May 31st, 1872.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 3RD, THE trains will run as follows:

LEAVE WELDON.
Express Train 7:30 p. m.
Mail Train 8:25 p. m.
ARRIVE AT PETERSBURG.
Express 10:50 p. m.
Mail 7:00 p. m.
LEAVE PETERSBURG.
Mail Express 6:30 a. m.
Express 6:50 p. m.
ARRIVE AT WELDON.
Mail Express 9:40 a. m.
Express 6:50 p. m.
FREIGHT TRAINS.
Leave Petersburg 8:00 a. m.
Leave Weldon 1:15 p. m.
Arrive at Weldon 3:00 p. m.
Arrive at Petersburg 2:20 a. m.
GASTON TRAINS.
Leave Petersburg 6:00 a. m.
Leave Gaston 12:50 p. m.
Arrive at Petersburg 8:10 p. m.
No trains will run on Sunday except Express trains.
Freights for Gaston Branch will be received at the Petersburg depot only on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS.
The depot will be closed at 3:00 p. m. No goods will be received after that hour.
J. C. SPRIGG,
Chief Engineer and General Manager.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 7, 1872.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE WILL go into effect at 3:35 A. M., Sunday, 9th inst.

DAY EXPRESS TRAIN, (Daily.)
Leave Wilmington 3:35 A. M.
Arrive at Florence 9:13 A. M.
Arrive at Columbia 1:35 P. M.
Leave Columbia 12:35 P. M.
Arrive at Florence 4:10 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington 10:25 P. M.
NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).
Leave Wilmington 5:45 P. M.
Arrive at Florence 11:38 P. M.
Arrive at Columbia 3:45 A. M.
Leave Columbia 12:35 P. M.
Arrive at Florence 2:00 A. M.
Arrive at Wilmington 8:00 A. M.
JNO. C. WINDER,
Gen'l Sup't.
June 8

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 8, 1872.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
ON AND AFTER JUNE 10th INSTANT, PASSENGER TRAINS on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad will run as follows:

MAIL TRAIN.
Leave Union Depot daily (Sundays excepted) at 8:05 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro 12:11 P. M.
Rocky Mount 2:11 P. M.
Weldon 3:50 P. M.
Leave Weldon daily (Sundays excepted) at 9:15 A. M.
Arrive at Rocky Mount 11:07 A. M.
Goldsboro 1:16 P. M.
Union Depot 5:30 P. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN.
Leave Union Depot daily at 10:40 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro 3:00 A. M.
Rocky Mount 4:50 A. M.
Weldon 6:50 A. M.
Leave Weldon daily at 7:10 P. M.
Arrive at Rocky Mount 8:58 P. M.
Goldsboro 10:58 P. M.
Union Depot 3:10 A. M.
Mail Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North via Bay Line and Aquia Creek routes.
Express Train connects only with Aquia Creek route. PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS ON THIS TRAIN.
FREIGHT TRAINS will leave Wilmington tri-weekly at 6:00 A. M., and arrive at 1:40 P. M.
EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS will leave Wilmington daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 P. M., and arrive at 11 A. M.

JOHN F. DIVINE,
General Superintendent.

JAS. A. LOWERY

CORNER THIRD AND PRINCESS STS.,
Opposite City Hall.

CARRIAGE MAKING, PAINTING, AND repairing neatly done, at short notice. After Thirty Years of experience at the business, I am prepared to do the finest and best work in the City.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

THE LOWEST PRICES GUARANTEED.

WE NOW HAVE THE CHOICEST AND most complete stock of

CLARETS.

for this season—at a small advance on Importers prices.

CHATEAU, BOULIAC, ST. AMELION, ST. LOUBE, FRONSAC, "ST. JULIEN"

And lower grades.

FRUITS.

20 Half Boxes Oranges, 25 Boxes Lemons, FRESH PRESERVED FRUITS.

Ale and Porter.

"Robt Youngers," Blood, Wolf & Co., Bass' Pale Ale, Barclay, Perkins & Co., Best Stout.

English Milk. COPELAND & CO., Chow-Chow, Mixed Pickles, Gerkins and Onions.

Imported Jams and Jellies. Fresh Goods by every Steamer, AT REDUCED PRICES.

GEO. MYERS, 11 and 13 South Front St.

FOR THE LADIES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF MILLINERY AND Millinery Goods in the City at

A. D. BROWN'S.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF RIBBONS and Flowers in the city at

A. D. BROWN'S.

THE HANDSOMEST ASSORTMENT OF Parasols in the city at

A. D. BROWN'S.

THE HANDSOMEST ASSORTMENT OF White Goods in the city at

A. D. BROWN'S.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF CORSETS in the city at

A. D. BROWN'S.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' STOCKS OF KID GLOVES in the city at

A. D. BROWN'S.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESSES and Hoop Skirts in the city at

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A. D. BROWN'S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. S. TOPHAM & CO., No. 8 South Front Street, WILMINGTON, N. C., MANUFACTURERS AND Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

SAADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS & TRAVELING BAGS, Collars, Hames, Trace Chains, Whips, Spurs, Dog Collars, Saddle Cloths, Woolen & Linen Horse Covers, Fly Nets, Feather Dusters, Axle Grease, Bridles.

of all kinds; Saddlery, Hardware, &c.

ALSO SECOND HAND HARNESS, SADDLES, REINS, &c., CHEAP FOR CASH.

SOL. BEAR & BROS., June 7

Retail Store, 20 Market Street.

HAVE JUST OPENED ONE OF THE largest Spring and Summer Stocks ever offered to the public in this city at reduced prices, consisting of

CASSIMERE SUITS, LINEN SUITS, And Clothing of every description.

PHILADELPHIA READY MADE GOODS, and the finest assortment of

LADIES GAITERS, CHILDRENS' SHOES

IN THE CITY.

DRY GOODS.

100 PIECES FIGURE, 50 PRINTS, 50 CASSIMERES, 50 LINEN SHEETING, 200 DOZEN TOWELS, AND ALSO, The Largest and best assortment of

MEN'S FELT HATS, Childrens' Wear.

All of which we offer at reduced prices.

SOL BEAR & BROS., may 8

DAVID PIGOTT, TOBACCONIST, WILMINGTON, N. C.

F. A. SHUTTE, No. 3 AND 5 GRANITE ROW, Dealer in FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, WINDOW SHADES, PAPER HANGINGS, PICTURE FRAMES, CORDS, TASSELS, FRINGES, &c., &c.

Having just received a supply of Furniture, I am prepared to give the public as good bargains as can be had in the city. Please call and examine.

may 15

Ladies Bronze Croquet Slippers, \$1 50 PER PAIR.

CHARLES A. PRICE'S, Live Book and Shoe Store, corner Front and Market sts.

June 2

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MISCELLANEOUS.

LORILLARD'S STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK, SAILING TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS FROM NEW YORK, AND WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS FROM WILMINGTON.

THROUGH CONNECTIONS WITH ALL RAILROADS LEADING OUT OF WILMINGTON.

No passengers taken. For Freight apply to

BARRY BROTHERS, Agents, may 23

117-

BALTIMORE AND WILMINGTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

Composed of the first-class Steamships

Rebecca Clyde, Capt. D. C. Childs, Lucille, Capt. D. J. Price

Will hereafter sail from Baltimore and Wilmington

THE WEEKLY POST.

Friday, June 28th, 1872.

THE advertisement on Big Medicine, in another column, will attract the attention of our readers. We have never taken any ourselves, but have been informed they are very bitter. We do not think they will be wanted much or taken often after the 9th of July.

The marriage law we published last week is exciting some indignation. We regret that our last Legislature should have shown any negligence of the public welfare; but some of their mistakes have been so plain and unnecessary that we have at different times condemned and exposed them.

This marriage law is another uncalled for innovation, and one that will likely add to litigation and tend to the injury and disrepute of the marital vows and of morals.

The election and registration act, published by us some weeks ago, seems also imperfect or unfortunate in some of its provisions.

The above is from the Fayetteville Eagle, a paper radically democratic, and now supporting MERRIMON for Governor. This Legislature was largely democratic. A two-thirds vote in each House, carefully mustered, by which they were enabled to impeach and displace Governor HOLDEN. Their ranks wouldn't stand firm or they would have removed Gov. CALDWELL also. The Journal demanded it, but some of the thinking ones "backed water."

The printing was given to the Sentinel and our readers are aware of the nice little game to make three thousand dollars, but when MERRIMON went out on the canvass he found that wouldn't go down and TURNER was obliged to disgorge. This Legislature passed a law that its Acts should be delivered within sixty days after their adjournment, but they are not delivered yet, because the Sentinel office was unable to do the work and it would not let other papers do enough to get the laws out. Here is New Hanover county, with its Superior Court in session, many months after the adjournment of the Legislature, and the laws not here! This Legislature also tried to over-ride the Constitution and call a convention, but the people, tired of these political tricksters, thundered back to their astonished ears a negative which will not soon be overcome. This Legislature individually signed an address declaring in the most solemn manner, that unless they purged themselves they must levy an enormous tax, or resign; but they did not do either! This Legislature passed an odious cumulative suffrage bill, which we believe to be unconstitutional, for Wilmington, where there is a large Republican majority, but made no such provision for any city where there was a Democratic majority. This Legislature amended the Fee bill in such a manner, that a witness in Court in several cases, can only file a ticket in one, so that when the county pays him for his time and expense in this city, he can only claim FIFTY CENTS A DAY!

These are but a few of the acts of this Legislature, claiming all the wealth and intelligence of the State, and whose acts are endorsed and fully sustained by Judge MERRIMON and the Democratic party! Fellow citizens, how long will you wear the shackles of prejudice and support a party, which while crying down others, covers over and hides the crimes of its public servants?

The style of journalism at present prevailing, and more especially showing its worst characteristics in the South will, we hope, grow rarer with each decade, as the country advances in culture and intelligence. At present each journal takes a partisan stand, misrepresents and vilifies the acts, the men and the manners of the opponents. Sees no good in their party, carefully excludes from its columns, whatever redounds to the credit of its opponents and labors with all its might to instill into the minds of its readers a conviction of the weakness, untrustworthiness and insincerity of the opposite party. As the community becomes more intelligent, it looks first with indifference and then with disgust at those bigoted articles of the party journals, which appeals to the prejudice and passions alone. They want facts that influence the reason, and judgment not appeals to feelings and prejudices.

Calling your opponents an imbecile, or a scoundrel, is not argument, and while perhaps expressing the feelings and belief of the writer, still it does not convince those who desire other proof than the epithets of a scribbler who may soon find it to his interest to be writing on the other side.

Unfortunately this is the style of journalism which afflicts the South. But we may hope that as the people become more educated and more accustomed to be influenced by reason than prejudice a more elevated and impartial style of journalism will prevail.

Jubilate.

It is not too early to prophecy how the Boston Jubilee will end. It has begun very successfully, and the material difficulties of the musical problem have been valiantly overcome. The great chorus of twenty thousand voices and the orchestra of one thousand pieces are now all together. Strauss, that composer of delightful German music is there, and has led the orchestra in several of his own waltzes. Mad. Leutner is there to convince the world that she sings better than any other prima donna. For pianists we have Bendel and Arabella Goddard, both world renowned. But the browning glory is in the foreign bands. Foremost among which we note the French *Garda Republique*. The performances of this wonderful organization are said to be marvelous. Popular opinion had fixed on the Grenadier Band, of England, Don Godfrey, leader, as the band, and, in fact, its first performance justified that opinion, but the French Band eclipsed it all, and to-day stands first.

We shall have more of this anon, but to sum up in a few words the progress already made is our present desire. The building will seat nearly forty thousand people, and we presume half as many more will find standing room. The first week has been given to the different nationalities, French, English, German, Austrian, and American music and popular airs being the order. Critics have objected to the "heavy" nature of the programme, but the desire on Mr. Gilmore's part seems to be to promote the higher order of music over the ephemeral productions of the day, and we admire his taste.

There will be given at the Coliseum a series of balls, under the musical direction of Strauss, Godfrey, Abt and Gilmore, from time to time. Fancy dancing to the mabel waltzes, led by the great composer; and the "German," with Strauss, on the largest floor in the world. No wonder the whole country sends its brightest beauties to represent it at the greatest musical festival of the age.

THE New York Times says: "Among Gen. GRANT's distinction is the fact that he did not seek the Presidency. He did not even look forward to it and labor for it as a fitting crown of his victories for his country, the proper goal of his career. In this, there is none of all our Presidents like him, except the first. All the others longed for it, kept it in sight as a beacon by which they shaped their course. Even Mr. LINCOLN looked forward to it from the beginning of his political life. Among the men of highest distinction who strove for it in vain, and whose failure to obtain it embittered their later years were, notoriously HENRY CLAY, DANIEL WEBSTER, CALHOUN, and Gen. GRANT's predecessor in the army, Gen. SCOTT. To GRANT, alone, in the last two generations, the office came unasked, unsought; to him alone the representatives of the people went, and offered him what he had not tried to get; he, alone, made a personal sacrifice when he consented to take the office. And this is the man whom the people are asked to set aside as a greedy office seeker, and to take in his place a political philosopher whose itch for office has been the pest and the plague of the leaders of his party in this State for the last twenty-five years!"

Greeley Stock.

Greeley stock is gradually going down. The fire eating Democracy of the South, don't see much to admire in the sage of Chappaqua, and the Northern Democracy are not so foolish as to put any faith in him. It is as patent to Northern Democracy as it is to us down here, that the Southern Democracy will vote for anything put up by the Baltimore Convention, and, therefore, their wishes will not be particularly consulted. If a new man is nominated at Baltimore, GREELEY won't be able to raise a Corporal's guard in any County in the South, and the North knows this. Why then should they consult the wishes of their Southern brethren who are all standing ready, holding the bag to catch the game, and will follow blindly wherever the Baltimore Convention leads them. Smart journals in the South have fought as shy of GREELEY as possible, and waited. Others, more brash have hoisted his name, and we are inclined to expect to see a grand hauling down of names in a few days, as the chances are getting very small for the Sage.

Prophecy.

The Star has again gone into the prophet business. We should think its editor would by this time shrink from expressing his opinion on the result of an election, as he never got one right yet except the election of Shipp and that surprised him, as it did everybody else.

We congratulate the Star on its cheerful view of the congressional situation. We are equally cheerful. Isn't that nice.

THE Fayetteville Eagle says:—"Dr. J. S. Devane is the Conservative nominee for representative in Bladen, and Col. John D. Taylor the candidate for Senate in Bladen and Brunswick, both excellent selections. * * * And of all that travel by land or sea, the Bladen boys that you meet on our river boats are the cleverest, the noisiest, the liveliest, social, brave and generous, and always in many sport or fine spirits. They wield a skillful euchebe band, or bring down a duck on the wing with a navy six-shooter, while they entertain the capitalists from Canada with a few ku-klux fables."

"On the trip that other time, they registered themselves as 'for Waddell and against Greeley.' The pass-word for the trip was 'National Intelligence.' In order to pass, these words had to be uttered clearly and correctly. Later in the day one or two men failed to say the pass-word right, and so could not safely pass."

And in the meantime Col. TAYLOR says he is unable to see it in those lamps, and declines to be a candidate; and WADDELL says he is a Greeley man. How will these lively Bladen boys stand that? Fix it up to suit yourselves; gentlemen, the Republicans are not asleep in Bladen and Brunswick, and you will hear something from them in August. If Dr. DEVANE can't make a better speech on the stump than he did in the Democratic Convention here, we don't think he will be very hard to beat.

Homestead Exemption under the Bankrupt Act.

The following amendment to the Bankrupt Act passed both Houses of Congress June 3d, 1872, and became a law by the signature of the President:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first proviso in section 14 of an Act approved March 3d, 1872, entitled 'An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States,' be amended by striking out of the words 1864 and inserting in lieu thereof 1871."

The above Act exempts to the Bankrupt such property as the State exemption law in force in 1871 gives to insolvent persons, to-wit: A homestead of the value of one thousand dollars and personal property of the value of five hundred dollars, which, together with the five hundred dollars exempt under the original Bankrupt Act, makes an aggregate exemption in Bankruptcy, as the law now stands, amounting to \$2,000.

The 50 per cent. clause of the Bankrupt Act only applies to debts contracted by the Bankrupt since the 1st day of January 1869, and for which he is liable as principal debtor. If, therefore, after deducting the above exemptions, the Bankrupt's estate is exhausted and nothing remains for creditors, still the Bankrupt would be entitled to an absolute discharge from all security debts, it matters not when contracted, and from all debts for which he is liable as principal, contracted before January 1st, 1869.

To facilitate business and insure speedy discharges it is proposed, for the 3d District, that the sum of \$90 be deposited with the Petition in Bankruptcy, and when so done the Register will guarantee that no further sum will be required from the Petitioner for costs by any Officer of the Court, except it may be in a case where the Bankrupt's right of discharge is contested.

W. A. GUTHRIE,
Register in Bankruptcy,
3d Dist. N. C.

Neill McKay, Jr., Esq., Republican candidate for Congress, will address the people of the Third Congressional District at the following times and places:

Beaufort Carteret county, Saturday, June 29th.
Jacksonville, Onslow county, Tuesday, July 2d.
Kenansville, Duplin county, Tuesday, July 4th.

At which places he will be happy to meet Col. Waddell, and will give him an equal division of time.

THE Postoffice Department at Washington is issuing to the Postmasters throughout the United States instructions concerning the operations of the new postal laws.

Quoting the general summary of the Times' canvass of the State, the Daily Saratogian says: "We think the Times is moderate in its conclusions. Hereabouts the Blair ticket (Greeley and Brown) has no following to speak of. A few undecided souls are still on the fence, but there are not, to our knowledge, a dozen men in the country who will vote for the white hat."

THE following is one of the first verses sung at the Boston Jubilee. We ask some of our learned Democratic friends to give us the translation: Rot twan of a lain the hose saw selt, For nawn of a hesh het shore saw told, Off tawn to a roshe the drier saw alot, Dan for twan of a shore saw lains.

Ut you don't like it you needn't make it.
A man with a white hat, named Greeley,
Once said, let the South go out freely;
Said another, she shan't,
And his name it was Grant,
And he'll be elected, not Greeley.

THE old fashioned hard fisted democracy, who went in for Free trade and Stilors rights, are getting sick of Joe TURNER and his dirty Sentinel. The Raleigh News fills a gap long open in that party. We have no sympathy with Democrats, but how they have been able to endure the dictatorial commands of an old Whig like TURNER all these years has been beyond our comprehension. The establishment of the News and its good support, show that they were tired of it, and if Swenson would only get his money back now, the News might have plain sailing.

Until there shall be "no parlor and no kitchen" in North Carolina, and not until then, will the statement of the fact that a man fought gallantly during the war cease to be grateful praise in the esteem of all true North Carolinians.

The Journal is mistaken here. All the credit a man may have gained in gallantly fighting for the "Lost Cause" is ignored, forgotten, spat upon if he dares to think or act as a Republican. The "wealth and intelligence," with their characteristic nobleness of heart cry down a man as they would a mad dog when he becomes a Republican. They alone are actuated by noble motives; all who think differently are vile scoundrels! At least so Judge Meares taught when speaking for the wealth and intelligence in the late Democratic Convention.

THE Sentinel, true to its instincts, publishes an article in relation to one of our most worthy judges, who was elected unanimously by both political parties, that should have been denounced by every paper, of whatever political complexion in the State. This party containing "all the wealth and intelligence" of the country, may admire such articles, but we do not believe it. Our Democratic papers here, though bitter, and often unjust, are at least respectable and can be taken into our families; but what man would take the Sentinel home to his wife and daughters? We are glad for the sake of decency that the Democratic party has the News at head quarters to expound their doctrines, that a man may read both sides, in respectable papers.

National Republican Platform.

The Republican party of the United States, assembled in National Convention in the city of Philadelphia, on the 5th and 6th days of June, 1872, again declares its faith appeals to its history, and announces its position upon the questions before the country:

1. During eleven years of supremacy it has accepted with grand courage the solemn duties of the times. It suppressed a gigantic rebellion, emancipated 4,000,000 of slaves, decided the equal citizenship of all, and established universal suffrage. Exhibiting unparalleled magnanimity, it criminally punished no man for political offenses, and warmly welcomed all who proved their loyalty by obeying the laws and dealing justly with their neighbors. It has steadily decreased, with a firm hand, the resultant disorders of a great war, and initiated a wise and humane policy toward the Indians. The Pacific railroad and similar enterprises have been generally aided and successfully conducted, the public lands freely given to actual settlers, immigration protected and encouraged, and a full acknowledgment of the naturalized citizens' rights, secured from European Powers. A uniform national currency has been provided, repudiation frowned down, the national credit sustained under most extraordinary burdens, and new bonds negotiated at lower rates. The revenues have been carefully collected and honestly applied. Despite annual large reductions of the rates of taxation, the public debt has been reduced during General Grant's Presidency at the rate of one hundred millions a year. Great financial crisis have been avoided and peace and plenty prevail throughout the land. Menacing foreign difficulties have been peacefully and honorably composed, and the honor and power of the nation kept in high respect throughout the world.

This glorious record of the past is the party's best pledge for the future. We believe the people will not intrust the Government to any party or combination of men composed chiefly of those who resisted every step of this beneficial progress.

2. Complete liberty and exact equality in the enjoyment of all civil, political and public rights should be established and effectually maintained throughout the Union by efficient and appropriate State and Federal legislation. Neither the law nor the Administration should admit of any discrimination in respect of citizens by reason of race, creed, color, or previous condition of servitude.

3. The recent amendments to the Constitution should be cordially sustained, because they are right, not merely tolerated because they are law, and should be carried out according to their spirit by appropriate legislation, the enforcement of which can safely be in-

trusted only to the party that secured those amendments.

4. The National Government should seek to maintain honorable peace with all nations, protecting its citizens everywhere and sympathizing with all people who strive for greater liberty.

5. Any system of the civil service under which the subordinate positions of the Government are considered rewards for mere party zeal is fatally demoralizing, and we therefore favor a reform of patronage and make honesty, efficiency, and fidelity the essential qualifications for public position, with practically creating a life tenure of office.

6. We are opposed to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies and demand that the national domain be set apart for free homes for the people.

7. The annual revenue, after paying the current debt, should furnish a moderate balance for the reduction of the principal, and the revenue, except so much as may be derived from a tax on tobacco and liquors, be raised by duties upon importation; the duties of which should be so adjusted as to aid in securing remunerative wages to labor, and promote the growth, industries, and prosperity of the whole country.

8. We hold in undying honor the soldiers and sailors whose valor saved the Union. Their pensions are a sacred debt of the nation, and the widows and orphans of those who died for their country are entitled to the care of an additional legislation as will extend the bounty of the government to all our soldiers and sailors who were honorably discharged, and who, in the line of duty, became disabled, without regard to the length of service or the cause of such discharge.

9. The doctrine of Great Britain and other European Powers concerning allegiance, "Once a subject always a subject," having at last, through the efforts of the Republican party, been abandoned, and the American idea of the right to transfer allegiance having been accepted by European nations, it is the duty of our Government to guard with jealous care the right of adopted citizens against the assumption of unauthorized claims by their former Governments, and we urge continual careful encouragement and protection of voluntary immigration.

10. The franking privilege ought to be abolished and the way prepared for a speedy reduction in the rate of postage.

11. Among the questions which press for attention is that which concerns the relations of capital and labor, and the Republican party recognize the duty of so shaping legislation as to secure full protection and the amplest for capital and for labor the creator of capital, the largest opportunities and a just share of the mutual profits of these two great servants of civilization.

12. We hold that Congress and the President have only fulfilled an imperative duty in their measures for the suppression of violent and treasonable organizations in certain lately rebellious regions, and for the protection of the ballot-box, and therefore they are entitled to the thanks of the nation.

13. We denounce the repudiation of the public debt in any form or disguise as a national crime. We witness with pride the reduction of the principal of the debt and of the rates of interest upon the balance, and confidently expect that our excellent national currency will be perfected by a speedy resumption of specie payments.

14. The Republican party is mindful of its obligations to the loyal women of America for their noble donation to the cause of freedom, their admission to the wider fields of usefulness is viewed with satisfaction, and the honest demands of any class of citizens for additional rights should be treated with respectful consideration.

15. We heartily approve the action of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion, and rejoice in the growth of peace and fraternal feeling throughout the land.

16. The Republican party propose to respect the rights reserved by the people to themselves as carefully as the powers delegated by them to the State and to the Federal Government. It disapproves of the resort to unconstitutional laws for the purpose of removing evils by interference with rights not surrendered by the people to either the State or National Government.

17. It is the duty of the General Government to adopt such measures as will tend to encourage American commerce and ship-building.

18. We believe that the modest patriotism, the earnest purpose, the sound judgment, the practical wisdom, the incorruptible integrity and the illustrious services of Ulysses S. Grant, have commended him to the heart of the American people, and with him at our head we stand to-day upon a new march to victory.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF CURES THE WORST PAINS.

In from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any ONE SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN. It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs by one application

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE. INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER, INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS, CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS, SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, HYSTERIC, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA, CATARRH, INFLUENZA, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain is difficult exists will afford ease and comfort. Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cent per bottle.

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STRONG AND PURE BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT, CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

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SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES; SO QUICK, SO RAPID ARE THE CHANGES THE BODY UNDERGOES, UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT

Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt. THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the Sarsaparillian Resolvent communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular diseases, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Face, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sleep and all wastes of the life principle are within the curative range of this wonderful Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

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Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stomach of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the urine is thick, cloudy, mixed with substance like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a bricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

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